



AiP74HC/HCT191 Presetable Synchronous 4-bit Binary up/down Counter

Product Specification

Specification Revision History:

Version	Date	Description
2012-06-A1	2012-06	New
2023-04-B1	2023-04	Update the template



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1. General Description

The AiP74HC/HCT191 is an asynchronously presettable 4-bit binary up/down counter. It contains four master/slave flip-flops with internal gating and steering logic to provide asynchronous preset and synchronous count-up and count-down operation.

Asynchronous parallel load capability permits the counter to be preset to any desired value. Information present on the parallel data inputs (D0 to D3) is loaded into the counter and appears on the outputs when the parallel load (PL) input is LOW. This operation overrides the counting function.

Counting is inhibited by a HIGH level on the count enable (\bar{CE}) input. When \bar{CE} is LOW internal state changes are initiated synchronously by the LOW-to-HIGH transition of the clock input. The up/down (\bar{U}/\bar{D}) input signal determines the direction of counting as indicated in the function table. The \bar{CE} input may go LOW when the clock is in either state, however, the LOW-to-HIGH \bar{CE} transition must occur only when the clock is HIGH.

Also, the \bar{U}/\bar{D} input should be changed only when either \bar{CE} or CP is HIGH. Overflow/underflow indications are provided by two types of outputs, the terminal count (TC) and ripple clock (\bar{RC}). The TC output is normally LOW and goes HIGH when a circuit reaches zero in the count-down mode or reaches '15' in the count-up-mode. The TC output will remain HIGH until a state change occurs, either by counting or presetting, or until \bar{U}/\bar{D} is changed. Do not use the TC output as a clock signal because it is subject to decoding spikes. The TC signal is used internally to enable the \bar{RC} output. When TC is HIGH and \bar{CE} is LOW, the \bar{RC} output follows the clock pulse (CP). This feature simplifies the design of multistage counters as shown in Figure 4 and Figure 5.

In Figure 4, each \bar{RC} output is used as the clock input to the next higher stage. It is only necessary to inhibit the first stage to prevent counting in all stages, since a HIGH on \bar{CE} inhibits the \bar{RC} output pulse as indicated in the function table. The timing skew between state changes in the first and last stages is represented by the cumulative delay of the clock as it ripples through the preceding stages. This can be a disadvantage of this configuration in some applications.

Figure 5 shows a method of causing state changes to occur simultaneously in all stages. The \bar{RC} outputs propagate the carry/borrow signals in ripple fashion and all clock inputs are driven in parallel. In this configuration the duration of the clock LOW state must be long enough to allow the negative-going edge of the carry/borrow signal to ripple through to the last stage before the clock goes HIGH. Since the \bar{RC} output of any package goes HIGH shortly after its CP input goes HIGH there is no such restriction on the HIGH-state duration of the clock.

In Figure 6, the configuration shown avoids ripple delays and their associated restrictions. Combining the TC signals from all the preceding stages forms the \bar{CE} input for a given stage. An enable must be included in each carry gate in order to inhibit counting. The TC output of a given stage is not affected by its own \bar{CE} signal therefore the simple inhibit scheme of Figure 4 and 5 does not apply. Inputs include clamp diodes. This enables the use of current limiting resistors to interface inputs to voltages in excess of V_{CC} .

**Features:**

- Input levels:
 - For AiP74HC191: CMOS level
 - For AiP74HCT191: TTL level
- Synchronous reversible counting
- Asynchronous parallel load
- Count enable control for synchronous expansion
- Single up/down control input
- Specified from -40°C to +125°C
- Packaging information: DIP16/SOP16/TSSOP16

Ordering Information:**Tube packing specifications:**

Part number	Packaging form	Marking code	Tube quantity	Boxed tube quantity	Boxed quantity	Notes
AiP74HC191DA16.TB	DIP16	74HC191	25 PCS/tube	40 tube/box	1000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 19.0mm×6.4mm Pin spacing: 2.54mm
AiP74HCT191DA16.TB	DIP16	74HCT191	25 PCS/tube	40 tube/box	1000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 19.0mm×6.4mm Pin spacing: 2.54mm
AiP74HC191SA16.TB	SOP16	74HC191	50 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 10.0mm×3.9mm Pin spacing: 1.27mm
AiP74HCT191SA16.TB	SOP16	74HCT191	50 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 10.0mm×3.9mm Pin spacing: 1.27mm
AiP74HC191TA16.TB	TSSOP16	74HC191	96 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	19200 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 5.0mm×4.4mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm
AiP74HCT191TA16.TB	TSSOP16	74HCT191	96 PCS/tube	200 tube/box	19200 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 5.0mm×4.4mm Pin spacing: 0.65mm



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Reel packing specifications:

Part number	Packaging form	Marking code	Reel quantity	Boxed reel quantity	Notes
AiP74HC191SA16.TR	SOP16	74HC191	4000 PCS/reel	8000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 10.0mm×3.9mm Pin spacing:1.27mm
AiP74HCT191SA16.TR	SOP16	74HCT191	4000 PCS/reel	8000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 10.0mm×3.9mm Pin spacing:1.27mm
AiP74HC191TA16.TR	TSSOP16	74HC191	5000 PCS/reel	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 5.0mm×4.4mm Pin spacing:0.65mm
AiP74HCT191TA16.TR	TSSOP16	74HCT191	5000 PCS/reel	10000 PCS/box	Dimensions of plastic enclosure: 5.0mm×4.4mm Pin spacing:0.65mm

Note: If the physical information is inconsistent with the ordering information, please refer to the actual product.

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2、Block Diagram And Pin Description

2.1、Block Diagram

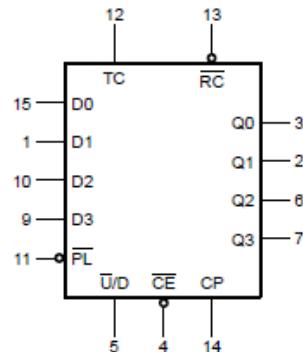


Figure 1. Logic symbol

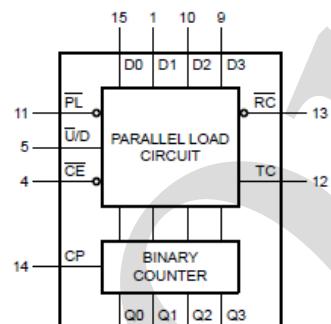


Figure 2. Functional diagram

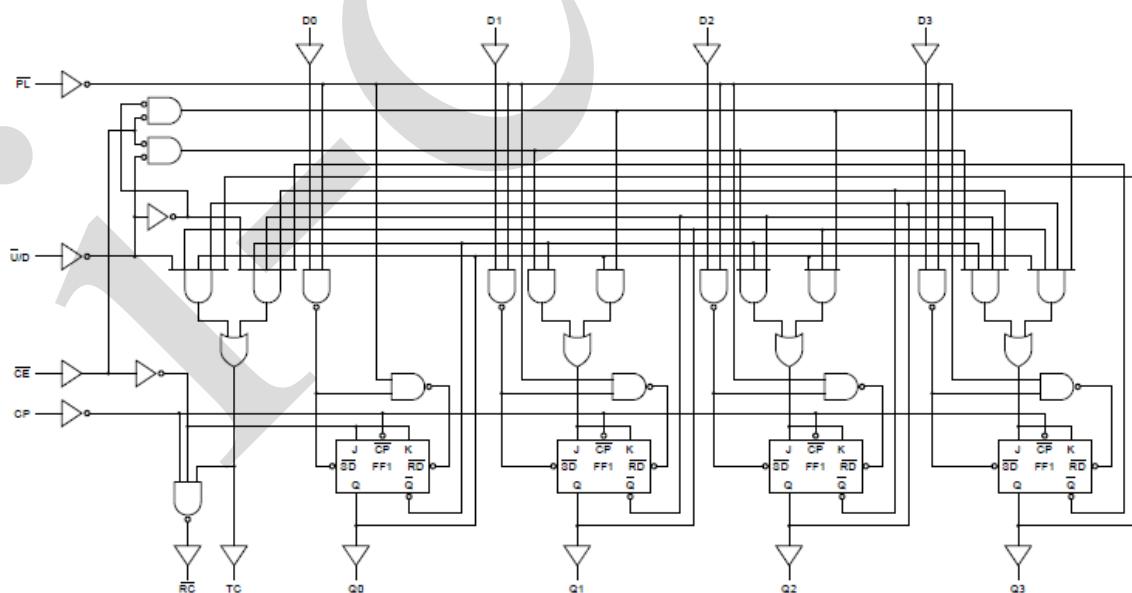


Figure 3. Logic diagram

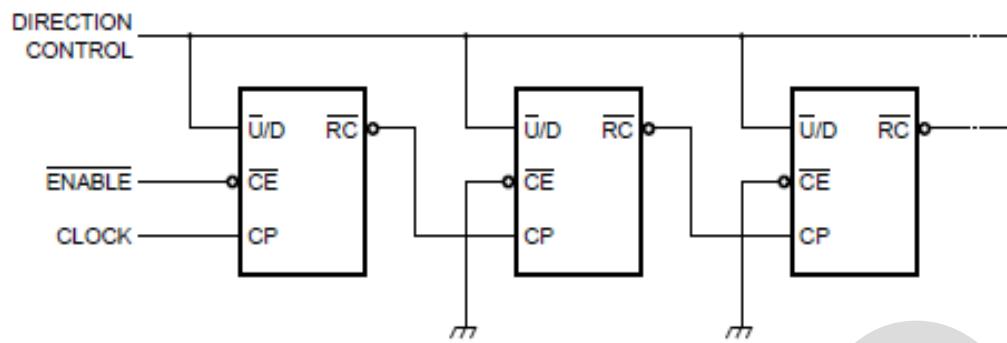


Figure 4. N-stage ripple counter using ripple clock

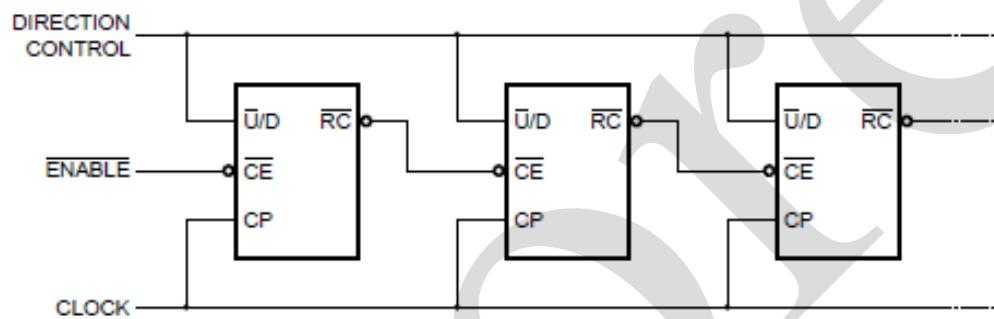


Figure 5. Synchronous n-stage counter using ripple carry/borrow

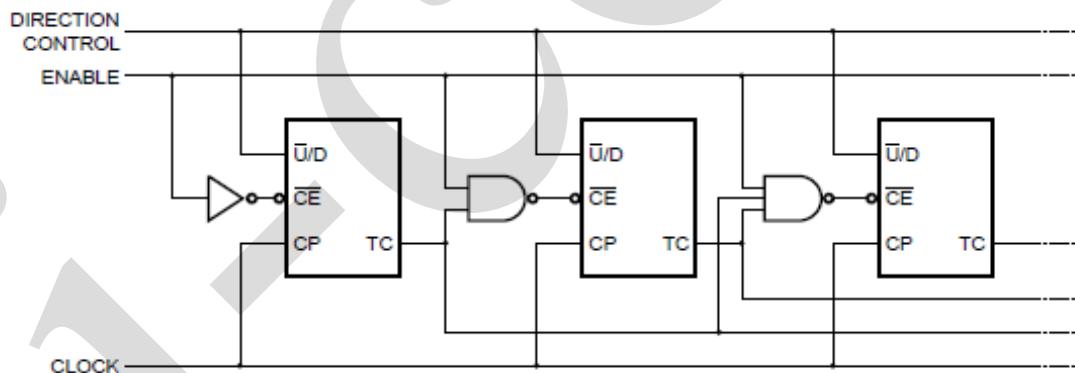


Figure 6. Synchronous n-stage counter with parallel gated carry/borrow

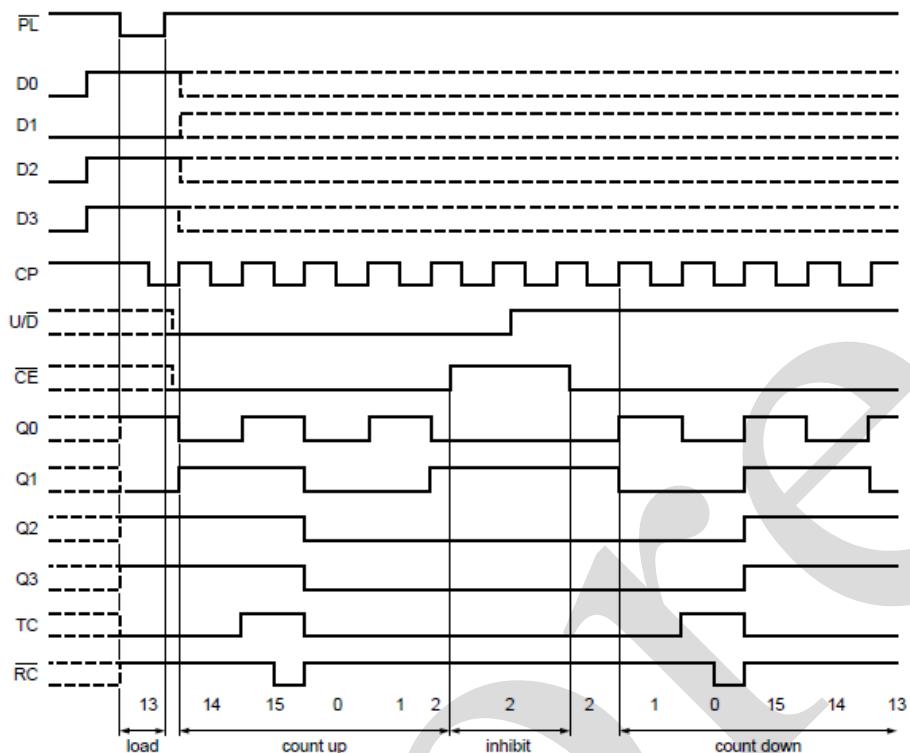
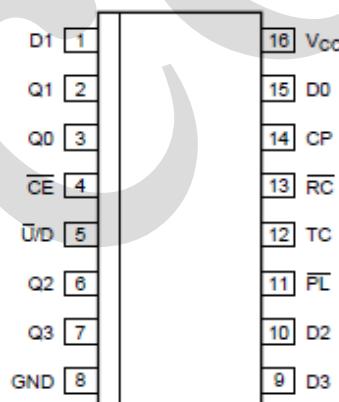


Figure 7. Typical timing sequence

2.2、Pin Configurations





2.3、Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Description
1	D1	data input
2	Q1	flip-flop output
3	Q0	flip-flop output
4	CE	count enable input (active LOW)
5	U/D	up/down input
6	Q2	flip-flop output
7	Q3	flip-flop output
8	GND	ground (0V)
9	D3	data input
10	D2	data input
11	PL	parallel load input (active LOW)
12	TC	terminal count output
13	RC	ripple clock output (active LOW)
14	CP	clock input (LOW-to-HIGH, edge-triggered)
15	D0	data input
16	V _{CC}	supply voltage

2.4、Function Table

Operating mode	Input					Output Q _n
	PL	U/D	CE	CP	D _n	
parallel load	L	X	X	X	L	L
	L	X	X	X	H	H
count up	H	L	I	↑	X	count up
count down	H	H	I	↑	X	count down
hold (do nothing)	H	X	H	X	X	no change

Note: H=HIGH voltage level; L=LOW voltage level; X=don't care; ↑=LOW-to-HIGH clock transition;

I=LOW voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition.



Input			Terminal count state				Output	
\bar{U}/D	\bar{CE}	CP	Q0	Q1	Q2	Q3	TC	\bar{RC}
H	H	X	H	H	H	H	L	H
L	H	X	H	H	H	H	H	H
L	L		H	H	H	H		
L	H	X	L	L	L	L	L	H
H	H	X	L	L	L	L	H	H
H	L		L	L	L	L		

Note:

[1] H=HIGH voltage level; L=LOW voltage level; X=don't care.

[2] =one LOW level output pulse.

[3] =TC goes LOW on a LOW-to-HIGH clock transition.

3、Electrical Parameter

3.1、Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Voltages are referenced to GND(ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
supply voltage	V_{CC}	-	-0.5	+7.0	V
input clamping current	I_{IK}	$V_I < -0.5V$ or $V_I > V_{CC}+0.5V$	-	± 20	mA
output clamping current	I_{OK}	$V_O < -0.5V$ or $V_O > V_{CC}+0.5V$	-	± 20	mA
output current	I_O	$V_O = -0.5V$ to $V_{CC}+0.5V$	-	± 25	mA
supply current	I_{CC}	-	-	+50	mA
ground current	I_{GND}	-	-50	-	mA
storage temperature	T_{stg}	-	-65	+150	°C
total power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	500	mW
Soldering temperature	T_L	10s	DIP SOP/TSSOP	245 260	°C



3.2、Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
AiP74HC191						
supply voltage	V _{CC}	-	2.0	5.0	6.0	V
input voltage	V _I	-	0	-	V _{CC}	V
output voltage	V _O	-	0	-	V _{CC}	V
input transition rise and fall rate	Δt/ΔV	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	625	ns/V
		V _{CC} =4.5V	-	1.67	139	ns/V
		V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	83	ns/V
ambient temperature	T _{amb}	-	-40	-	+125	°C
AiP74HCT191						
supply voltage	V _{CC}	-	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
input voltage	V _I	-	0	-	V _{CC}	V
output voltage	V _O	-	0	-	V _{CC}	V
input transition rise and fall rate	Δt/ΔV	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	1.67	139	ns/V
ambient temperature	T _{amb}	-	-40	-	+125	°C

3.3、Electrical Characteristics

3.3.1、DC Characteristics 1

(T_{amb}=25°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
AiP74HC191							
HIGH-level input voltage	V _{IH}	V _{CC} =2.0V	1.5	1.2	-	V	
		V _{CC} =4.5V	3.15	2.4	-	V	
		V _{CC} =6.0V	4.2	3.2	-	V	
LOW-level input voltage	V _{IL}	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	0.8	0.5	V	
		V _{CC} =4.5V	-	2.1	1.35	V	
		V _{CC} =6.0V	-	2.8	1.8	V	
HIGH-level output voltage	V _{OH}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _O =-20uA; V _{CC} =2.0V	1.9	2.0	-	V
			I _O =-20uA; V _{CC} =4.5V	4.4	4.5	-	V
			I _O =-20uA; V _{CC} =6.0V	5.9	6.0	-	V
			I _O =-4.0mA; V _{CC} =4.5V	3.98	4.32	-	V
			I _O =-5.2mA; V _{CC} =6.0V	5.48	5.81	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V _{OL}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _O =20uA; V _{CC} =2.0V	-	0	0.1	V
			I _O =20uA; V _{CC} =4.5V	-	0	0.1	V
			I _O =20uA; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	0	0.1	V
			I _O =4.0mA; V _{CC} =4.5V	-	0.15	0.26	V
			I _O =5.2mA; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	0.16	0.26	V
input leakage current	I _I	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	±1.0	uA	
supply current	I _{CC}	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; I _O =0A; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	8.0	uA	
input capacitance	C _I	-	-	3.5	-	pF	
AiP74HCT191							



HIGH-level input voltage	V_{IH}	$V_{CC}=4.5V$ to $5.5V$		2.0	1.6	-	V
LOW-level input voltage	V_{IL}	$V_{CC}=4.5V$ to $5.5V$		-	1.2	0.8	V
HIGH-level output voltage	V_{OH}	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	$I_O=-20\mu A$	4.4	4.5	-	V
			$I_O=-4.0mA$	3.98	4.32	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V_{OL}	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	$I_O=20\mu A$	-	0	0.1	V
			$I_O=4.0mA$	-	0.16	0.26	V
input leakage current	I_I	$V_I=V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}=5.5V$		-	-	± 1.0	μA
supply current	I_{CC}	$V_I=V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O=0A$; $V_{CC}=5.5V$		-	-	8.0	μA
additional supply current	ΔI_{CC}	$V_I=V_{CC}-2.1V$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $I_O=0A$; $V_{CC}=4.5V$ to $5.5V$		-	-	360	μA
input capacitance	C_I	-		-	3.5	-	pF

3.3.2、DC Characteristics 2

($T_{amb}=-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
AiP74HC191							
HIGH-level input voltage	V_{IH}	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	1.5	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=4.5V$	3.15	-	-	V	
		$V_{CC}=6.0V$	4.2	-	-	V	
LOW-level input voltage	V_{IL}	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	0.5	V	
		$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	1.35	V	
		$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	1.8	V	
HIGH-level output voltage	V_{OH}	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_O=-20\mu A$; $V_{CC}=2.0V$	1.9	-	-	V
			$I_O=-20\mu A$; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	4.4	-	-	V
			$I_O=-20\mu A$; $V_{CC}=6.0V$	5.9	-	-	V
			$I_O=-4.0mA$; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	3.84	-	-	V
			$I_O=-5.2mA$; $V_{CC}=6.0V$	5.34	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V_{OL}	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}	$I_O=20\mu A$; $V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	0.1	V
			$I_O=20\mu A$; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	0.1	V
			$I_O=20\mu A$; $V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	0.1	V
			$I_O=4.0mA$; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	0.33	V
			$I_O=5.2mA$; $V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	0.33	V
input leakage current	I_I	$V_I=V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{CC}=6.0V$		-	-	± 1.0	μA
supply current	I_{CC}	$V_I=V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O=0A$; $V_{CC}=6.0V$		-	-	80	μA
AiP74HCT191							
HIGH-level input voltage	V_{IH}	$V_{CC}=4.5V$ to $5.5V$		2.0	-	-	V
LOW-level input voltage	V_{IL}	$V_{CC}=4.5V$ to $5.5V$		-	-	0.8	V
HIGH-level output voltage	V_{OH}	$V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$	$I_O=-20\mu A$	4.4	-	-	V
			$I_O=-4.0mA$	3.84	-	-	V



LOW-level output voltage	V _{OL}	V _I =V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{CC} =4.5V	I _O =20uA	-	-	0.1	V
			I _O =4.0mA	-	-	0.33	V
input leakage current	I _I	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} =5.5V	-	-	-	±1.0	uA
supply current	I _{CC}	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; I _O =0A; V _{CC} =5.5V	-	-	-	80	uA
additional supply current	ΔI _{CC}	V _I =V _{CC} -2.1V; other inputs at V _{CC} or GND; I _O =0A; V _{CC} =4.5V to 5.5V	-	-	-	450	uA

3.3.3、DC Characteristics 3

(T_{amb}=-40°C to +125°C, voltages are referenced to GND (ground=0V), unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
AiP74HC191							
HIGH-level input voltage	V _{IH}	V _{CC} =2.0V	1.5	-	-	V	
		V _{CC} =4.5V	3.15	-	-	V	
		V _{CC} =6.0V	4.2	-	-	V	
LOW-level input voltage	V _{IL}	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	0.5	V	
		V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	1.35	V	
		V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	1.8	V	
HIGH-level output voltage	V _{OH}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _O =-20uA; V _{CC} =2.0V	1.9	-	-	V
			I _O =-20uA; V _{CC} =4.5V	4.4	-	-	V
			I _O =-20uA; V _{CC} =6.0V	5.9	-	-	V
			I _O =-4.0mA; V _{CC} =4.5V	3.7	-	-	V
			I _O =-5.2mA; V _{CC} =6.0V	5.2	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V _{OL}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _O =20uA; V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	0.1	V
			I _O =20uA; V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	0.1	V
			I _O =20uA; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	0.1	V
			I _O =4.0mA; V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	0.4	V
			I _O =5.2mA; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	0.4	V
input leakage current	I _I	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	±1.0	uA	
supply current	I _{CC}	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; I _O =0A; V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	160	uA	
AiP74HCT191							
HIGH-level input voltage	V _{IH}	V _{CC} =4.5V to 5.5V	2.0	-	-	V	
LOW-level input voltage	V _{IL}	V _{CC} =4.5V to 5.5V	-	-	0.8	V	
HIGH-level output voltage	V _{OH}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{CC} =4.5V	I _O =-20uA	4.4	-	-	V
			I _O =-4.0mA	3.7	-	-	V
LOW-level output voltage	V _{OL}	V _I = V _{IH} or V _{IL} ; V _{CC} =4.5V	I _O =20uA	-	-	0.1	V
			I _O =4.0mA	-	-	0.4	V
input leakage current	I _I	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; V _{CC} =5.5V	-	-	±1.0	uA	
supply current	I _{CC}	V _I =V _{CC} or GND; I _O =0A; V _{CC} =5.5V	-	-	160	uA	
additional supply current	ΔI _{CC}	V _I =V _{CC} -2.1V; other inputs at V _{CC} or GND; I _O =0A; V _{CC} =4.5V to 5.5V	-	-	490	uA	



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3.3.4、AC Characteristics 1

(T_{amb}=25°C, GND=0V; t_r=t_f=6ns; C_L=50pF, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
AiP74HC191							
propagation delay	t _{pd}	CP to Qn; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	72	220	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	26	44	ns
			V _{CC} =5.0V; C _L =15pF	-	22	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	21	37	ns
		CP to TC; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	83	255	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	30	51	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	24	43	ns
		CP to $\bar{R}C$; see Figure 10	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	47	150	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	17	30	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	14	26	ns
		$\bar{C}E$ to $\bar{R}C$; see Figure 10	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	33	130	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	12	26	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	10	22	ns
		Dn to Qn; see Figure 11	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	61	220	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	22	44	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	18	37	ns
		$\bar{P}L$ to Qn; see Figure 12	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	61	220	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	22	44	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	18	37	ns
		\bar{U}/D to TC; see Figure 13	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	44	190	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	16	38	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	13	32	ns
		\bar{U}/D to $\bar{R}C$; see Figure 13	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	50	210	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	18	42	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	14	36	ns
transition time	t _t	see Figure 14	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	19	75	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	7	15	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	6	13	ns
pulse width	t _w	CP; HIGH or LOW; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	125	28	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	25	10	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	21	8	-	ns
		$\bar{P}L$; LOW; see Figure 14	V _{CC} =2.0V	100	22	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	20	8	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	17	6	-	ns
recovery time	t _{rec}	$\bar{P}L$ to CP; see Figure 14	V _{CC} =2.0V	35	8	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	7	3	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	6	2	-	ns
set-up time	t _{su}	\bar{U}/D to CP; see Figure 15	V _{CC} =2.0V	205	50	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	41	18	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	35	14	-	ns
		Dn to $\bar{P}L$;	V _{CC} =2.0V	100	19	-	ns



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		see Figure 16	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	20	7	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	17	6	-	ns	
		\bar{CE} to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	140	44	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	28	16	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	24	13	-	ns	
		\bar{U}/D to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	0	-39	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	0	-14	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	0	-11	-	ns	
hold time	t_h	Dn to \bar{PL} ; see Figure 16	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	0	-11	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	0	-4	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	0	-3	-	ns	
		\bar{CE} to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	0	-28	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	0	-10	-	ns	
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	0	-8	-	ns	
		f_{max}	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	4.0	11	-	MHz	
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	20	33	-	MHz	
			$V_{CC}=5.0V; C_L=15pF$	-	36	-	MHz	
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	24	39	-	MHz	
power dissipation capacitance	C_{PD}	$V_I=GND$ to V_{CC}			-	31	-	pF

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propagation delay	t_{pd}	CP to Qn; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	26	48	ns	
			$V_{CC}=5.0V; C_L=15pF$	-	22	-	ns	
		CP to TC; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	32	51	ns	
		CP to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 10	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	19	35	ns	
		\bar{CE} to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 10	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	19	33	ns	
		Dn to Qn; see Figure 11	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	22	44	ns	
		PL to Qn; see Figure 12	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	27	46	ns	
		\bar{U}/D to TC; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	23	45	ns	
		\bar{U}/D to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	24	45	ns	
transition time	t_t	$V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 14			-	7	15	ns
pulse width	t_w	CP; HIGH or LOW; $V_{CC}=4.5V$ see Figure 9			16	9	-	ns
		\bar{PL} ; LOW; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 14			22	11	-	ns
recovery time	t_{rec}	\bar{PL} to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 14			7	1	-	ns
set-up time	t_{su}	\bar{U}/D to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15			41	20	-	ns
		Dn to \bar{PL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 16			20	9	-	ns
		\bar{CE} to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15			30	18	-	ns



hold time	t_h	\bar{U}/D to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15	0	-18	-	ns	
		Dn to \bar{PL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 16	0	-5	-	ns	
		\bar{CE} to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15	0	-10	-	ns	
maximum frequency	f_{max}	CP; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	20	33	-	MHz
			$V_{CC}=5.0V$; $C_L=15pF$	-	36	-	MHz
power dissipation capacitance	C_{PD}	$V_I=GND$ to $V_{CC}-1.5V$		-	33	-	pF

Note:

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} .

[2] t_t is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} .

[3] C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation (P_D in uW).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i \times N + \sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o) \text{ where:}$$

f_i =input frequency in MHz;

f_o =output frequency in MHz;

C_L =output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} =supply voltage in V;

N=number of inputs switching;

$\sum(C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$ =sum of outputs.

3.3.5、AC Characteristics 2

($T_{amb}=-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, GND=0V; $t_r=t_f=6ns$; $C_L=50pF$, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
AiP74HC191						
propagation delay	t_{pd}	CP to Qn; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	275 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	55 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	47 ns
		CP to TC; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	320 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	64 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	54 ns
		CP to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 10	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	190 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	38 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	33 ns
		\bar{CE} to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 10	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	165 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	33 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	28 ns
		Dn to Qn; see Figure 11	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	275 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	55 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	47 ns
		\bar{PL} to Qn; see Figure 12	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	275 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	55 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	47 ns
		\bar{U}/D to TC; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	240 ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	48 ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	41 ns



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		U/D to RC; see Figure 13	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	265	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	53	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	45	ns
transition time	t _t	see Figure 14	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	95	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	19	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	16	ns
pulse width	t _w	CP; HIGH or LOW; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	155	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	31	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	26	-	-	ns
		PL; LOW; see Figure 14	V _{CC} =2.0V	125	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	25	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	21	-	-	ns
recovery time	t _{rec}	PL to CP; see Figure 14	V _{CC} =2.0V	45	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	9	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	8	-	-	ns
set-up time	t _{su}	U/D to CP; see Figure 15	V _{CC} =2.0V	255	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	51	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	43	-	-	ns
		Dn to PL; see Figure 16	V _{CC} =2.0V	125	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	25	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	21	-	-	ns
		CE to CP; see Figure 15	V _{CC} =2.0V	175	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	35	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	30	-	-	ns
hold time	t _h	U/D to CP; see Figure 15	V _{CC} =2.0V	0	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	0	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	0	-	-	ns
		Dn to PL; see Figure 16	V _{CC} =2.0V	0	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	0	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	0	-	-	ns
		CE to CP; see Figure 15	V _{CC} =2.0V	0	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	0	-	-	ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	0	-	-	ns
maximum frequency	f _{max}	CP; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	3.2	-	-	MHz
			V _{CC} =4.5V	16	-	-	MHz
			V _{CC} =6.0V	19	-	-	MHz

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propagation delay	t _{pd}	CP to Qn; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	60	ns
		CP to TC; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	64	ns
		CP to RC; see Figure 10	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	44	ns
		CE to RC; see Figure 10	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	41	ns
		Dn to Qn;	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	55	ns



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Number: AiP74HC/HCT191-AX-LJ-A064EN

		see Figure 11					
		PL to Qn; see Figure 12	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	58	ns
		U/D to TC; see Figure 13	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	56	ns
		U/D to RC; see Figure 13	V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	56	ns
transition time	t _t	V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 14		-	-	19	ns
pulse width	t _w	CP; HIGH or LOW; V _{CC} =4.5V see Figure 9		20	-	-	ns
		PL; LOW; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 14		28	-	-	ns
recovery time	t _{rec}	PL to CP; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 14		9	-	-	ns
set-up time	t _{su}	U/D to CP; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 15		51	-	-	ns
		Dn to PL; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 16		25	-	-	ns
		CE to CP; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 15		38	-	-	ns
hold time	t _h	U/D to CP; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 15		0	-	-	ns
		Dn to PL; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 16		0	-	-	ns
		CE to CP; V _{CC} =4.5V; see Figure 15		0	-	-	ns
maximum frequency	f _{max}	CP; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =4.5V	16	-	-	MHz

Note:

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL}.[2] t_t is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH}.

3.3.6、AC Characteristics 3

(T_{amb}=-40°C to +125°C, GND=0V; t_r=t_f=6ns; C_L=50pF, unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
AiP74HC191						
propagation delay	t _{pd}	CP to Qn; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	330 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	66 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	56 ns
		CP to TC; see Figure 9	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	395 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	77 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	65 ns
		CP to RC; see Figure 10	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	225 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	45 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	38 ns
		CE to RC; see Figure 10	V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	195 ns
			V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	39 ns
			V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	33 ns
Dn to Qn; see Figure 11		V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	330	ns
		V _{CC} =4.5V	-	-	66	ns
		V _{CC} =6.0V	-	-	56	ns
PL to Qn;		V _{CC} =2.0V	-	-	330	ns



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		see Figure 12	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	66	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	56	ns
		\bar{U}/D to TC ; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	285	ns
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	57	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	48	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	315	ns
		\bar{U}/D to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	63	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	54	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	-	-	110	ns
transition time	t_t	see Figure 14	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	22	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	-	-	19	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	195	-	-	ns
pulse width	t_w	CP; HIGH or LOW; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	39	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	33	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	150	-	-	ns
		\bar{PL} ; LOW; see Figure 14	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	30	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	26	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	55	-	-	ns
recovery time	t_{rec}	\bar{PL} to CP; see Figure 14	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	11	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	9	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	310	-	-	ns
set-up time	t_{su}	\bar{U}/D to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	62	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	53	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	150	-	-	ns
		Dn to \bar{PL} ; see Figure 16	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	30	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	26	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	210	-	-	ns
		\bar{CE} to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	42	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	36	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	0	-	-	ns
hold time	t_h	\bar{U}/D to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	0	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	0	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	0	-	-	ns
		Dn to \bar{PL} ; see Figure 16	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	0	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	0	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	0	-	-	ns
		\bar{CE} to CP; see Figure 15	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	0	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	0	-	-	ns
			$V_{CC}=2.0V$	2.6	-	-	MHz
maximum frequency	f_{max}	CP; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	13	-	-	MHz
			$V_{CC}=6.0V$	15	-	-	MHz
			$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	77	ns

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propagation delay	t_{pd}	CP to Q_n ; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	72	ns
		CP to TC ; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	77	ns



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		CP to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 10	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	53	ns
		\bar{CE} to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 10	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	50	ns
		D _n to Q _n ; see Figure 11	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	66	ns
		\bar{PL} to Q _n ; see Figure 12	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	69	ns
		\bar{U}/D to TC; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	68	ns
		\bar{U}/D to \bar{RC} ; see Figure 13	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	-	-	68	ns
transition time	t_t	$V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 14		-	-	22	ns
pulse width	t_w	CP ; HIGH or LOW; $V_{CC}=4.5V$ see Figure 9		24	-	-	ns
		\bar{PL} ; LOW; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 14		33	-	-	ns
recovery time	t_{rec}	PL to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 14		11	-	-	ns
set-up time	t_{su}	\bar{U}/D to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15		62	-	-	ns
		\bar{D}_n to \bar{PL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 16		30	-	-	ns
		\bar{CE} to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15		45	-	-	ns
hold time	t_h	\bar{U}/D to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15		0	-	-	ns
		\bar{D}_n to \bar{PL} ; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 16		0	-	-	ns
		\bar{CE} to CP; $V_{CC}=4.5V$; see Figure 15		0	-	-	ns
maximum frequency	f_{max}	CP; see Figure 9	$V_{CC}=4.5V$	13	-	-	MHz

Note:

[1] t_{pd} is the same as t_{PLH} and t_{PHL} .[2] t_t is the same as t_{THL} and t_{TLH} .

4、Testing Circuit

4.1、AC Testing Circuit

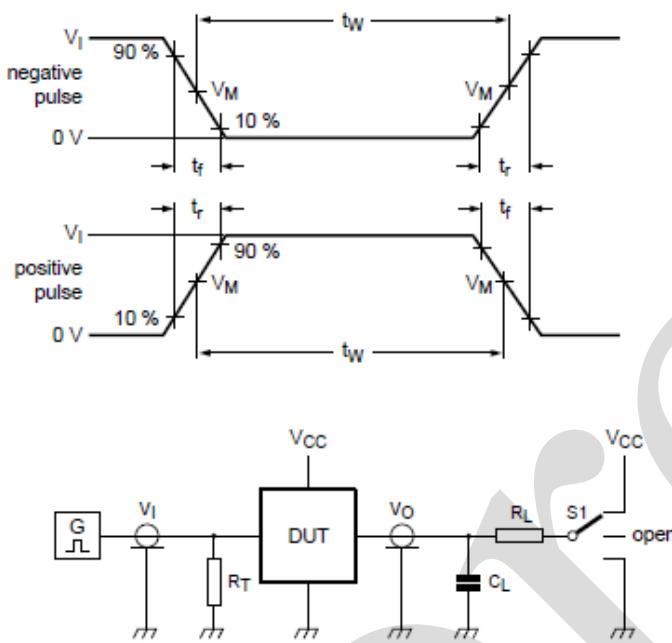


Figure 8. Test circuit for measuring switching times

Definitions for test circuit:

C_L =Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance.

R_T =Termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_o of the pulse generator.

R_L =Load resistance.

S1=Test selection switch

4.2、AC Testing Waveforms

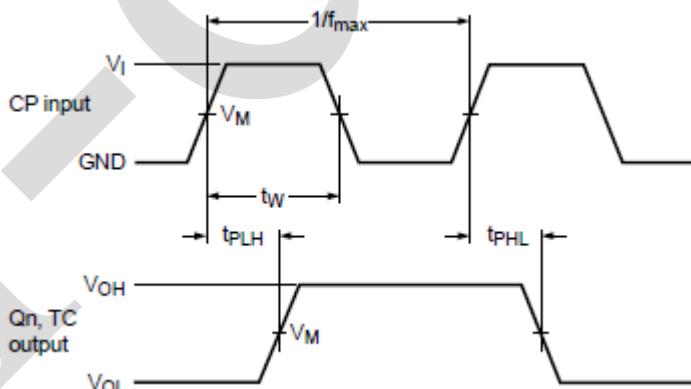


Figure 9. The clock input (CP) to outputs (Qn, TC) propagation delays, clock pulse width and maximum clock frequency

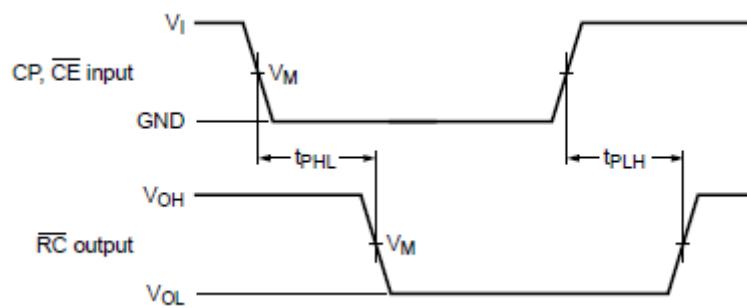


Figure 10. The clock and count enable inputs (CP, \bar{CE}) to ripple clock output (\bar{RC}) propagation delays

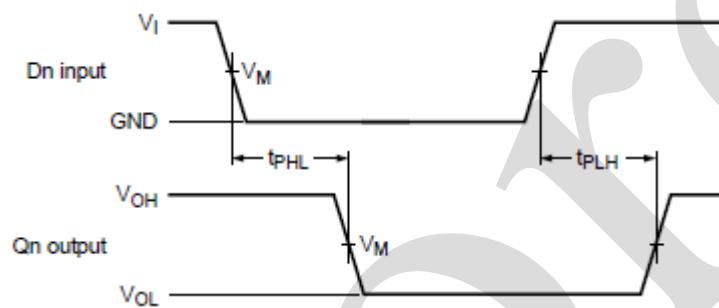


Figure 11. The input (D_n) to output (Q_n) propagation delays

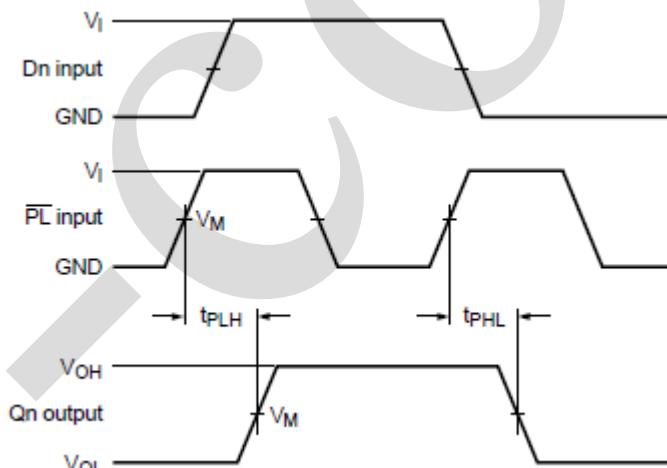


Figure 12. The parallel load input (\bar{PL}) to output (Q_n) propagation delays

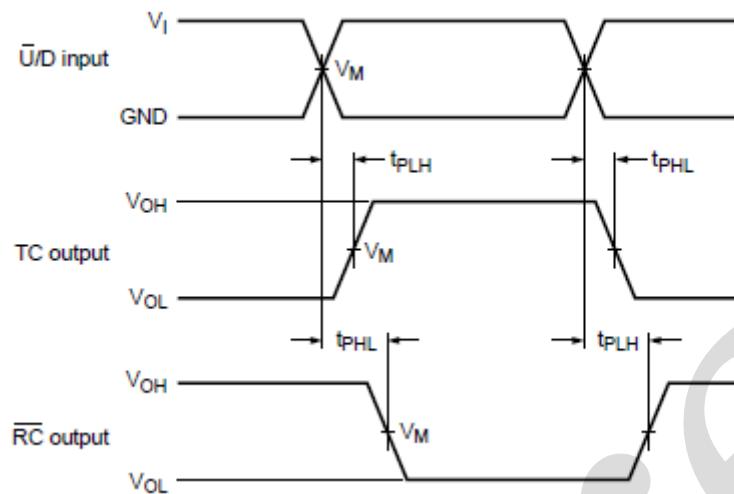


Figure 13. The up/down count input (\bar{U}/D) to terminal count and ripple clock output (TC, $\bar{R}C$) propagation delays

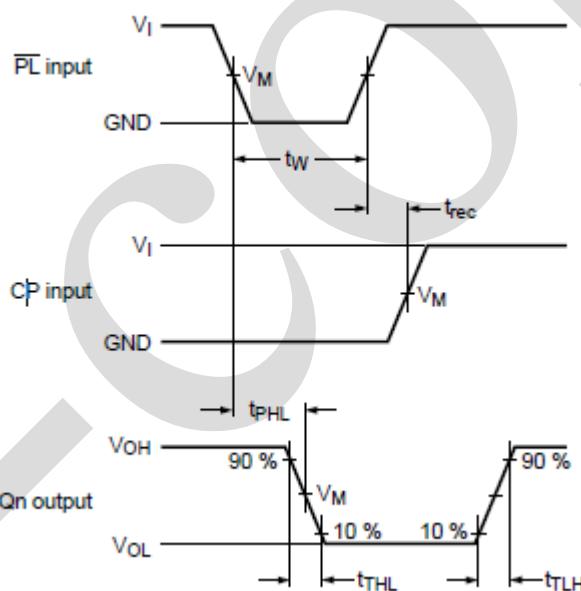


Figure 14. The parallel load input (\bar{PL}) to clock (CP) recovery times, parallel load pulse width and output (Q_n) transition times

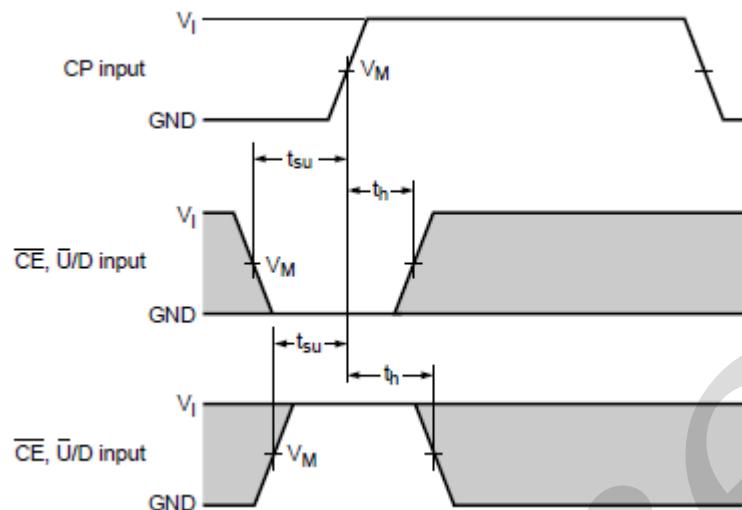


Figure 15. The count enable and up/down count inputs (\bar{CE} , \bar{U}/D) to clock input (CP) set-up and hold times

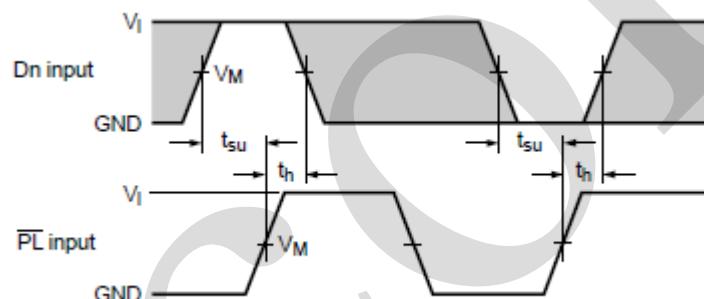


Figure 16. The parallel load input (\bar{PL}) to data input (D_n) set-up and hold times

4.3、Measurement Points

Type	Input		Output	
	V_M		V_M	
AiP74HC191		$0.5 \times V_{CC}$		$0.5 \times V_{CC}$
AiP74HCT191		1.3V		1.3V

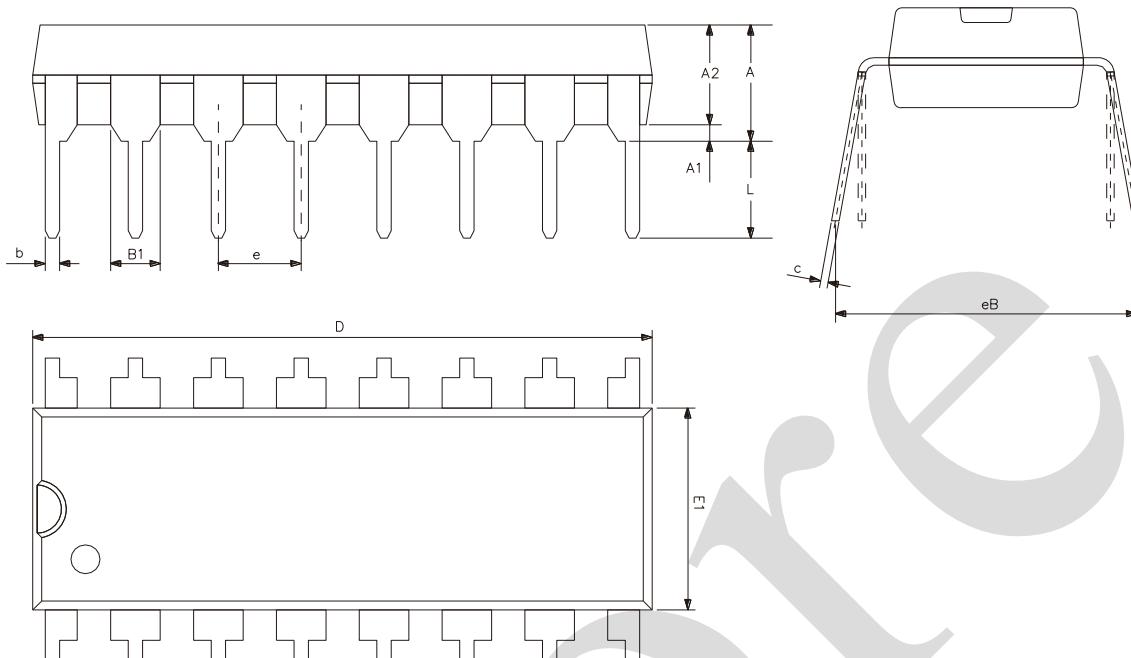
4.4、Test Data

Type	Input		Load		S1 position
	V_I	t_r, t_f	C_L	R_L	t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}
AiP74HC191	V_{CC}	6ns	15pF, 50pF	1k Ω	open
AiP74HCT191	3V	6ns	15pF, 50pF	1k Ω	open



5、Package Information

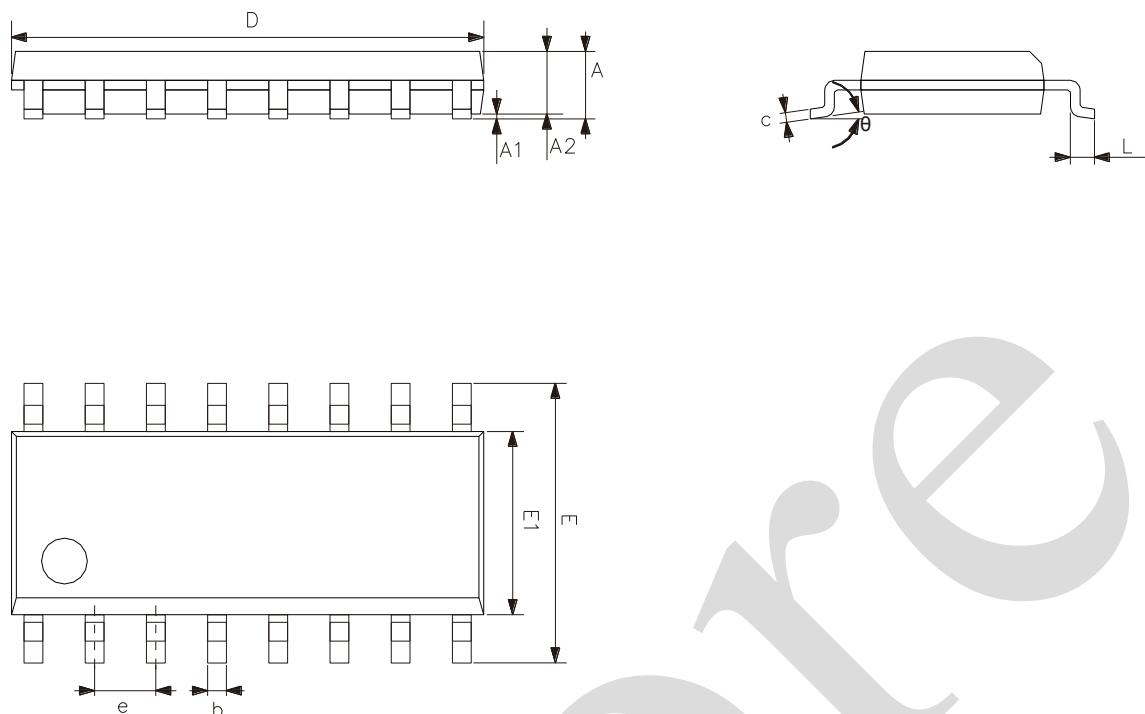
5.1、DIP16



Symbol	Dimensions (mm)	
	Min.	Max.
A2	3.20	3.60
A1	0.51	-
A	3.60	5.33
L	3.00	3.60
b	0.36	0.56
B1		1.52
D	18.80	19.94
E1	6.20	6.60
e		2.54
c	0.20	0.36
eB	7.62	9.30



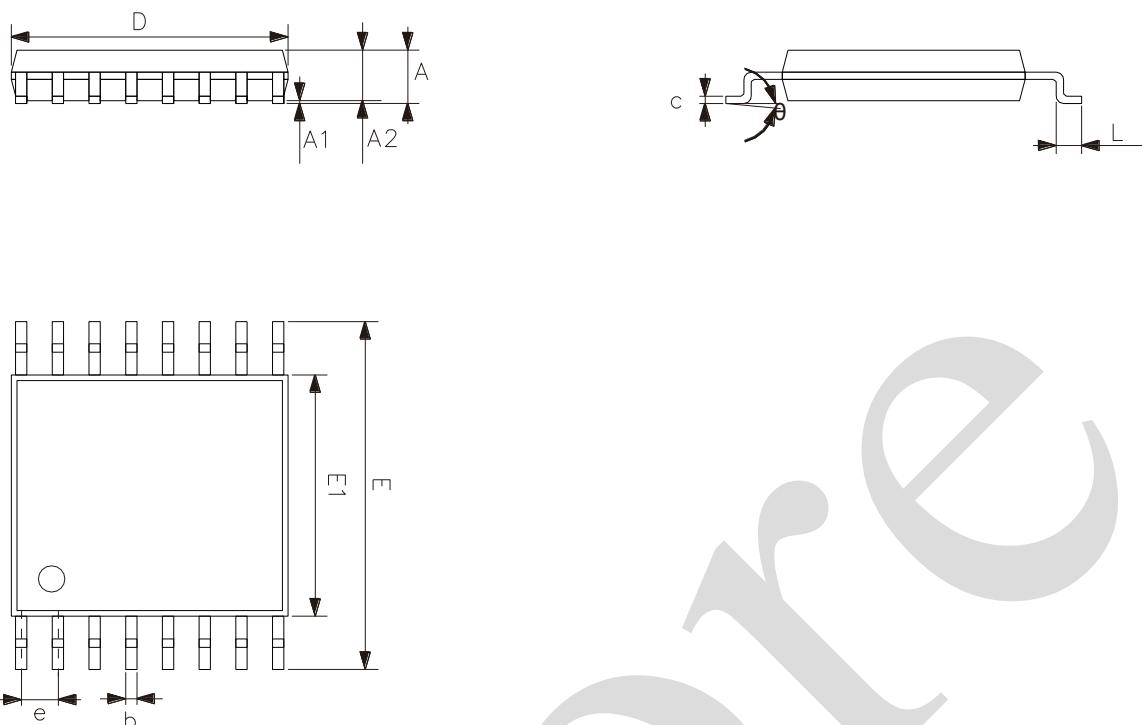
5.2、SOP16



Symbol	Dimensions (mm)	
	Min.	Max.
A	1.35	1.80
A1	0.10	0.25
A2	1.25	1.55
b	0.33	0.51
c	0.19	0.25
D	9.50	10.10
E	5.80	6.30
E1	3.70	4.10
e	1.27	
L	0.35	0.89
θ	0°	8°



5.3、TSSOP16



Symbol	Dimensions (mm)	
	Min.	Max.
A	-	1.20
A1	0.05	0.15
A2	0.80	1.05
b	0.19	0.30
c	0.09	0.20
D	4.90	5.10
E1	4.30	4.50
E	6.20	6.60
e	0.65	
L	0.45	0.75
θ	0°	8°



6、Statements And Notes

6.1、The name and content of Hazardous substances or Elements in the product

Part name	Hazardous substances or Elements									
	Lead and lead compounds	Mercury and mercury compounds	Cadmium and cadmium compounds	Hexavalent chromium compounds	Polybrominated biphenyls	Polybrominated biphenyl ethers	Dibutyl phthalate	Butylbenzyl phthalate	Di-2-ethylhexyl phthalate	Diisobutyl phthalate
Lead frame	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Plastic resin	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Chip	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
The lead	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
Plastic sheet installed	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○	○
explanation	<p>○: Indicates that the content of hazardous substances or elements in the detection limit of the following the SJ/T11363-2006 standard.</p> <p>×: Indicates that the content of hazardous substances or elements exceeding the SJ/T11363-2006 Standard limit requirements.</p>									

6.2、Notes

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